

Search for the Higgs boson in the WW decay channel with the ATLAS Detector

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on behalf of the

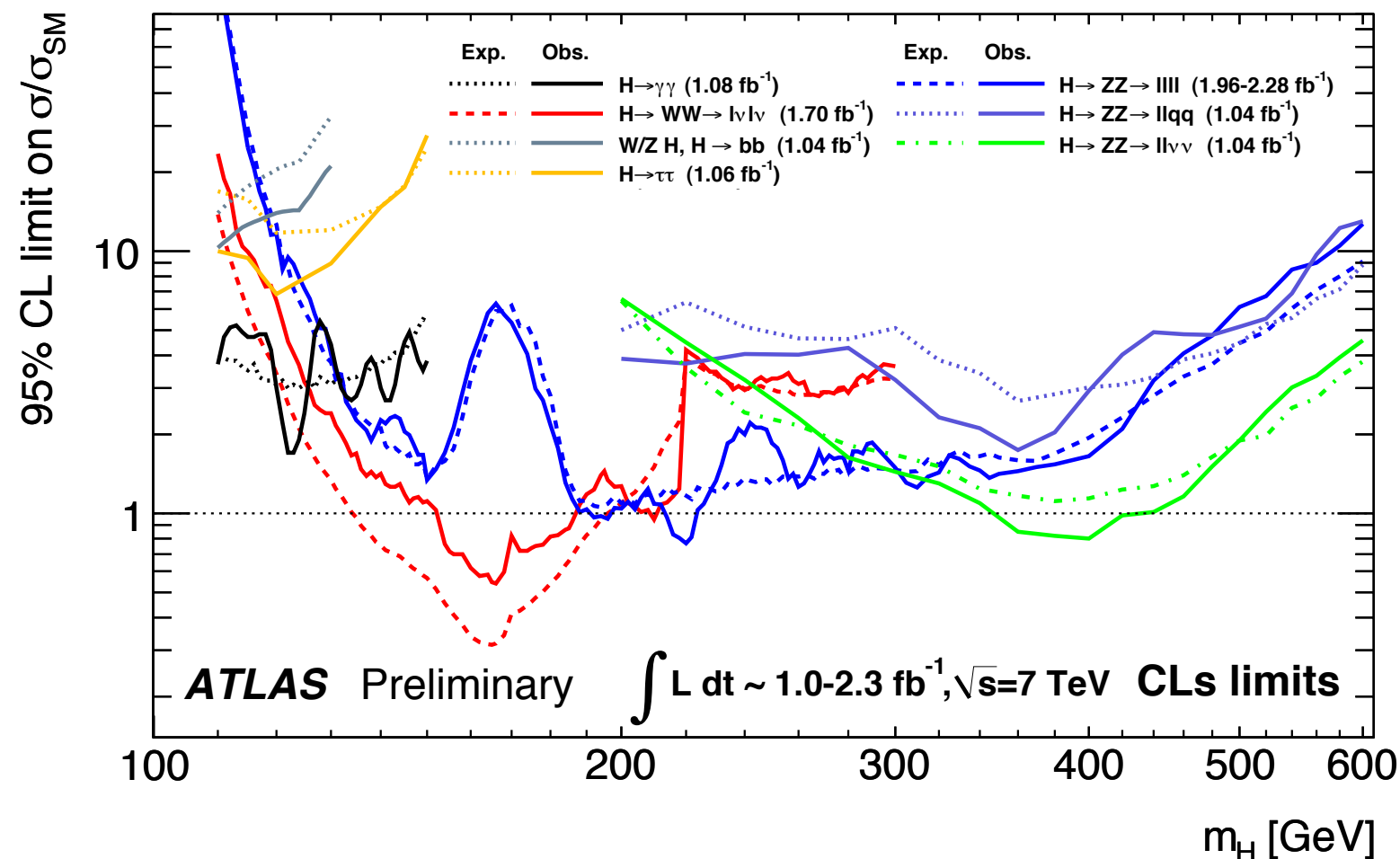
ATLAS Collaboration

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at SUSY 2011 Fermilab, Chicago*

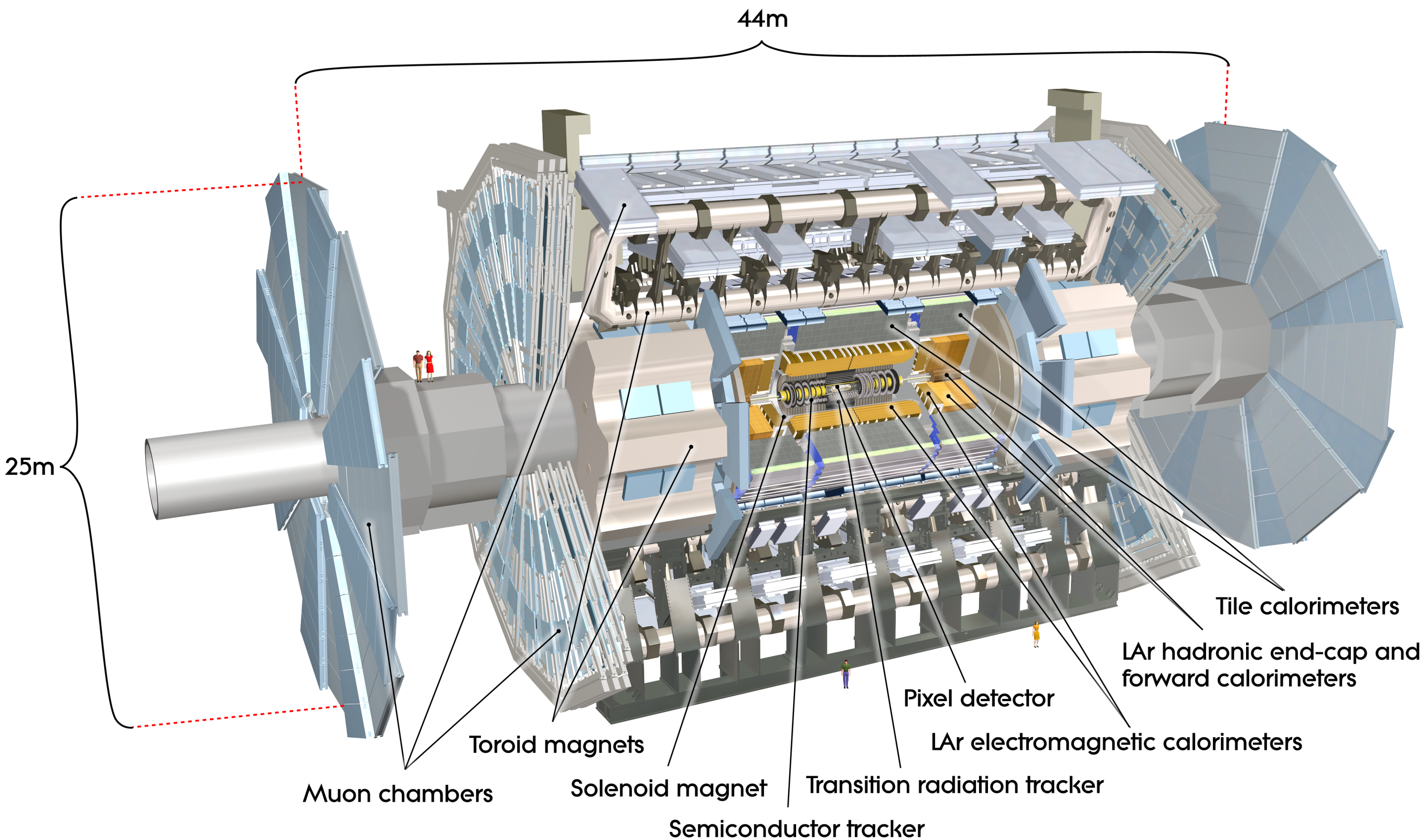


Introduction

- LHC searches are rapidly closing in on the SM Higgs boson
 - With $1\text{--}2\text{ fb}^{-1}$ of data, ATLAS has sensitivity for $140 < m_H < 410\text{ GeV}$
- The $H \rightarrow WW$ is particularly sensitive in the intermediate mass range
 - $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ (ee, $\mu\mu$ and $e\mu$) see ATLAS-CONF-2011-134
 - $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu jj$ (e and μ) see ATLAS-CONF-2011-052
- Focus on $\ell\nu\ell\nu$ with an expected exclusion of 135–196 GeV (95% CL) with $L=1.7\text{ fb}^{-1}$



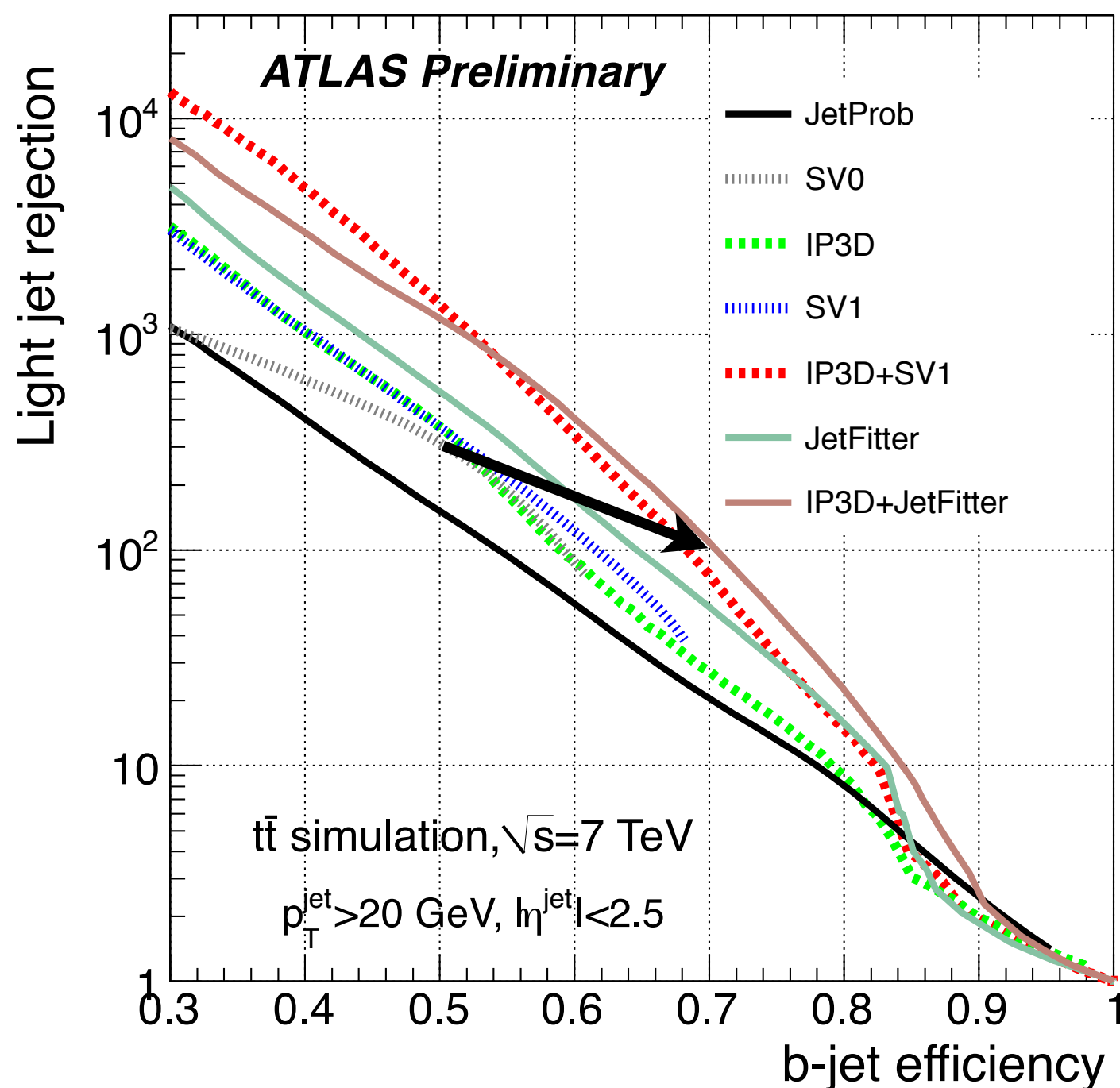
The ATLAS Detector



The $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ Analysis

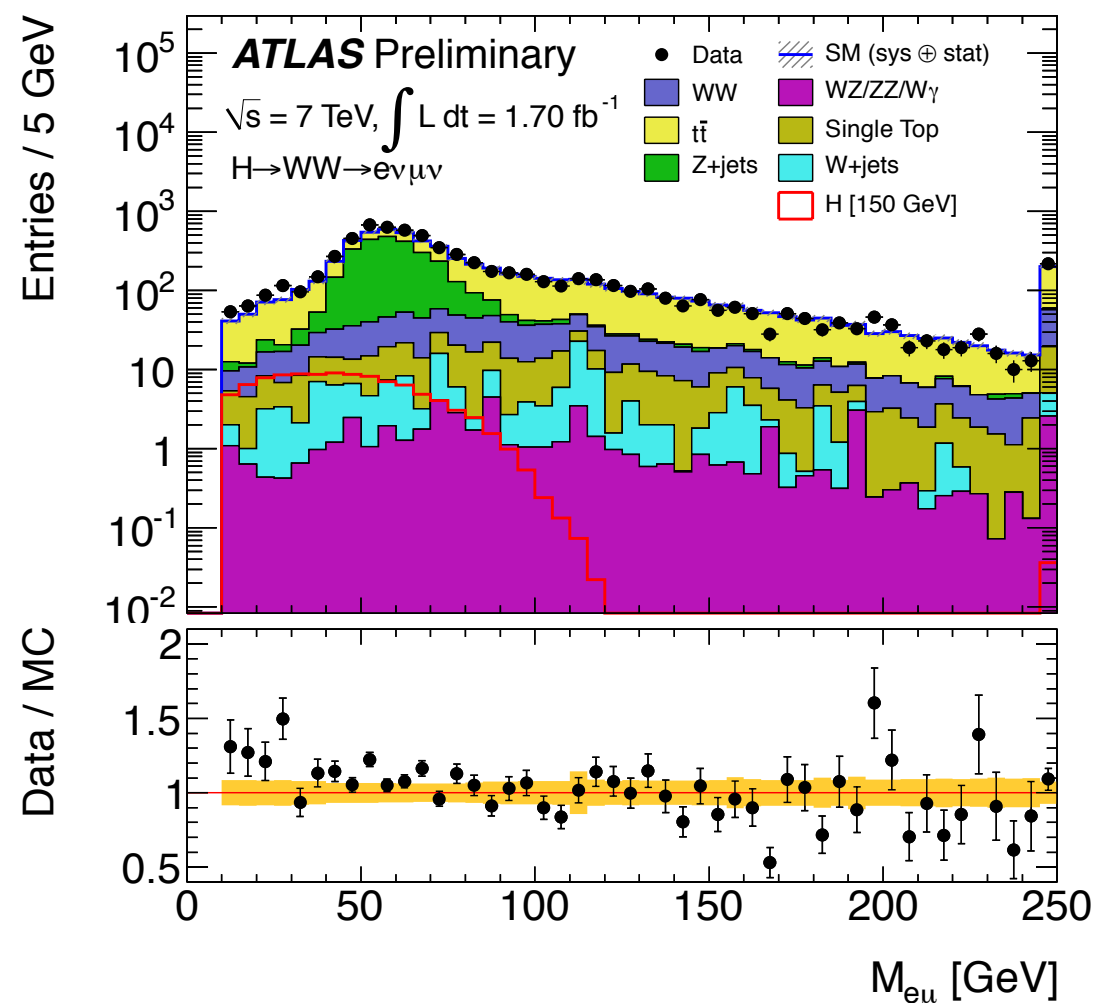
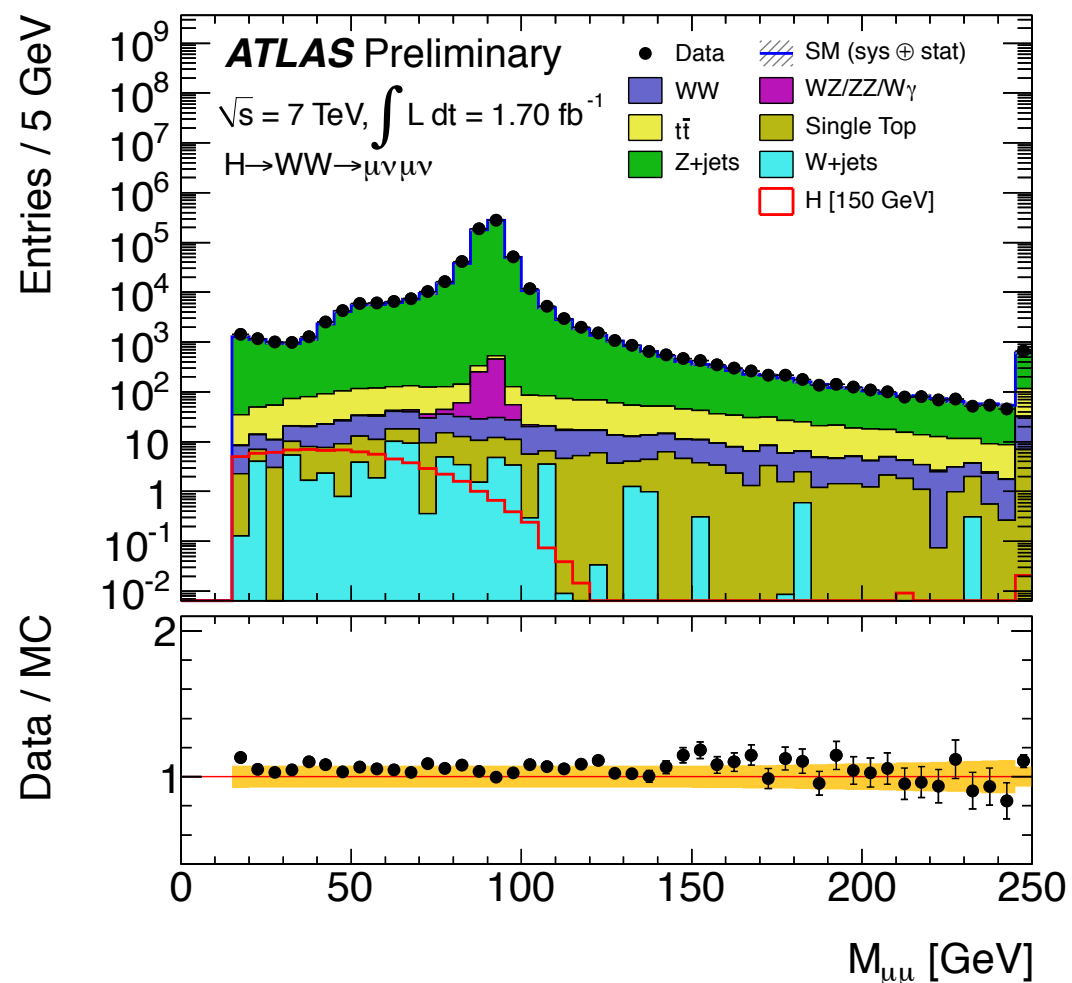
The $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ Analysis

- The $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ channel combines the large $H \rightarrow WW$ branching ratio with a clean final state
 - Analysis performed for $110 < m_H < 300$ GeV
- Recently updated to 1.7 fb^{-1}
- Using high performance b-tagging algorithm
- Cuts re-optimised in high mass region: $m_H > 220$ GeV



Lepton Selection

- Select events containing exactly two opposite sign leptons (e or μ)
- Cut on dilepton invariant mass to reduce Drell-Yan background
 - $ee, \mu\mu$: $m_{ll} > 15 \text{ GeV}$, $|m_{ll} - m_Z| > 15 \text{ GeV}$
 - $e\mu$: $m_{ll} > 10 \text{ GeV}$
- Note: systematic error bands include normalisation but not shape uncertainty



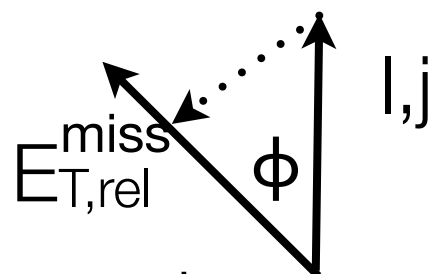
Require large missing energy

- Require missing energy to suppress QCD and Drell-Yan backgrounds

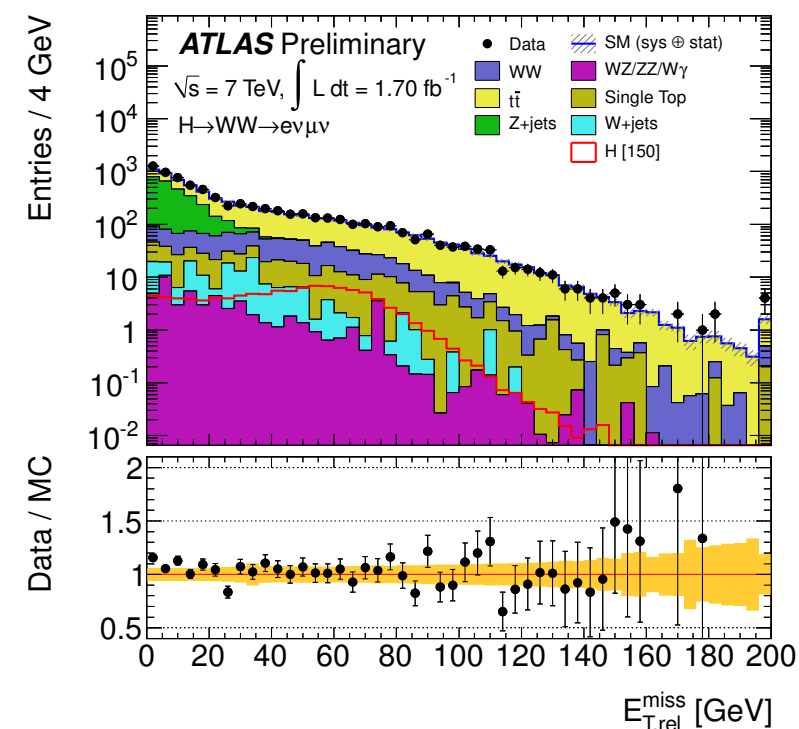
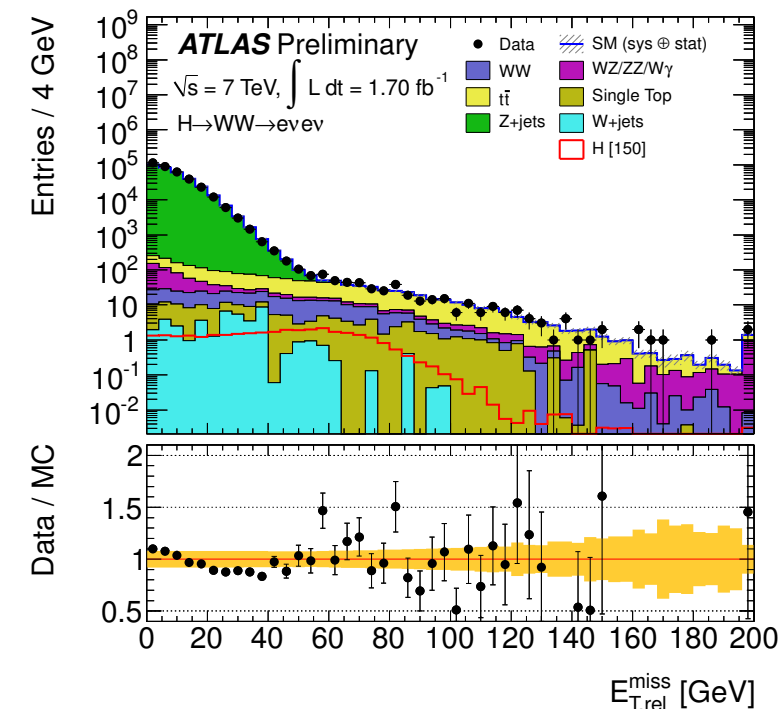
- Use $E_{T,rel}^{miss}$ instead of $E_{T,miss}$

$$E_{T,rel}^{miss} = \begin{cases} E_T^{miss} & \text{if } \Delta\phi \geq \pi/2 \\ E_T^{miss} \cdot \sin \Delta\phi & \text{if } \Delta\phi < \pi/2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Delta\phi = \min(\Delta\phi(E_T^{miss}, \ell), \Delta\phi(E_T^{miss}, j))$$



- Same flavour: $E_{T,rel}^{miss} > 40$ GeV
- Opposite flavour: $E_{T,rel}^{miss} > 25$ GeV



	WW	Z/ γ^* + jets	$t\bar{t}$	$tW/tb/tqb$	WZ/ZZ/ $W\gamma$	Total Bkg.	Observed
$m_{\ell\ell} > 15$ GeV, $m_{e\mu} > 10$ GeV $ m_Z - m_{\ell\ell} > 15$ GeV	1380 ± 100	970000 ± 70000	6200 ± 600	630 ± 70	1200 ± 100	970000 ± 70000	997813
$E_{T,rel}^{miss}$	1220 ± 80	91000 ± 7000	5500 ± 600	560 ± 60	92 ± 9	98000 ± 7000	104253
	660 ± 50	300 ± 200	2700 ± 300	310 ± 40	28 ± 4	4000 ± 500	4051

Jet Multiplicity

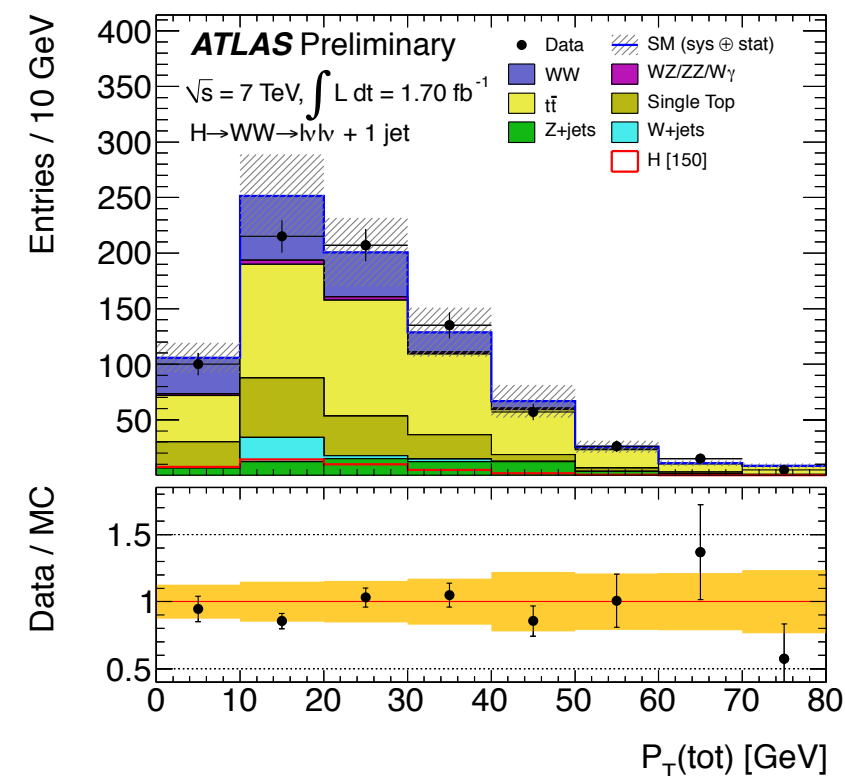
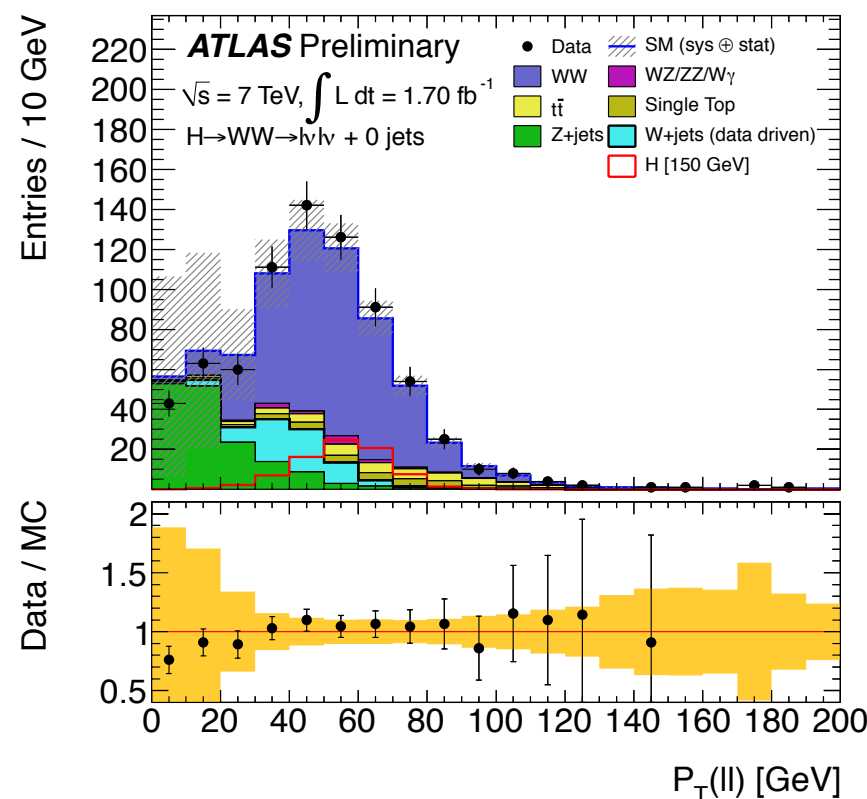
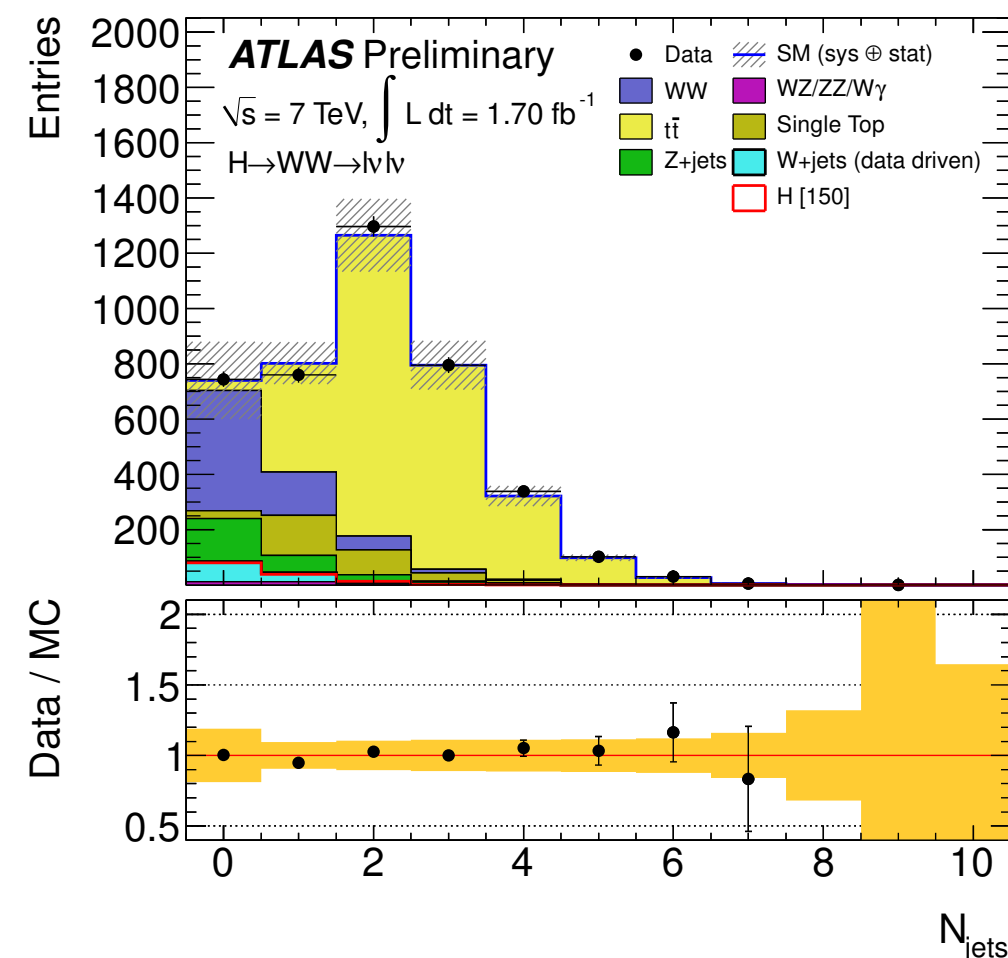
- Further categorise events by jet multiplicity for jets with $p_T > 25$ GeV, $|\eta| < 4.5$

- **0j:** Zero jets

- **1j:** Exactly 1 jet, no b-tag

- Different signal sensitivity and background composition
- Cuts for 0j: Cuts: $p_T^{\text{ll}} > 30$ GeV
- Cuts for 1j:
 - no tagged b-jets
 - $p_T^{\text{tot}} < 30$ GeV
 - $|m_{\tau\tau} - m_Z| < 25$ GeV

$$\mathbf{p}_T^{\text{tot}} = \mathbf{p}_T^{l1} + \mathbf{p}_T^{l2} + \mathbf{p}_T^j + \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{miss}}$$



Topological Selection

- Irreducible WW background: topological cuts to exploit Higgs **mass** and **spin**
- Values optimised in 3 Higgs mass ranges

- Dilepton Invariant Mass, m_{ll}

- $m_{ll} < 50$ GeV ($m_H < 170$ GeV)
- $m_{ll} < 65$ GeV ($170 \leq m_H < 220$ GeV)
- $50 < m_{ll} < 180$ GeV ($m_H \geq 220$ GeV)

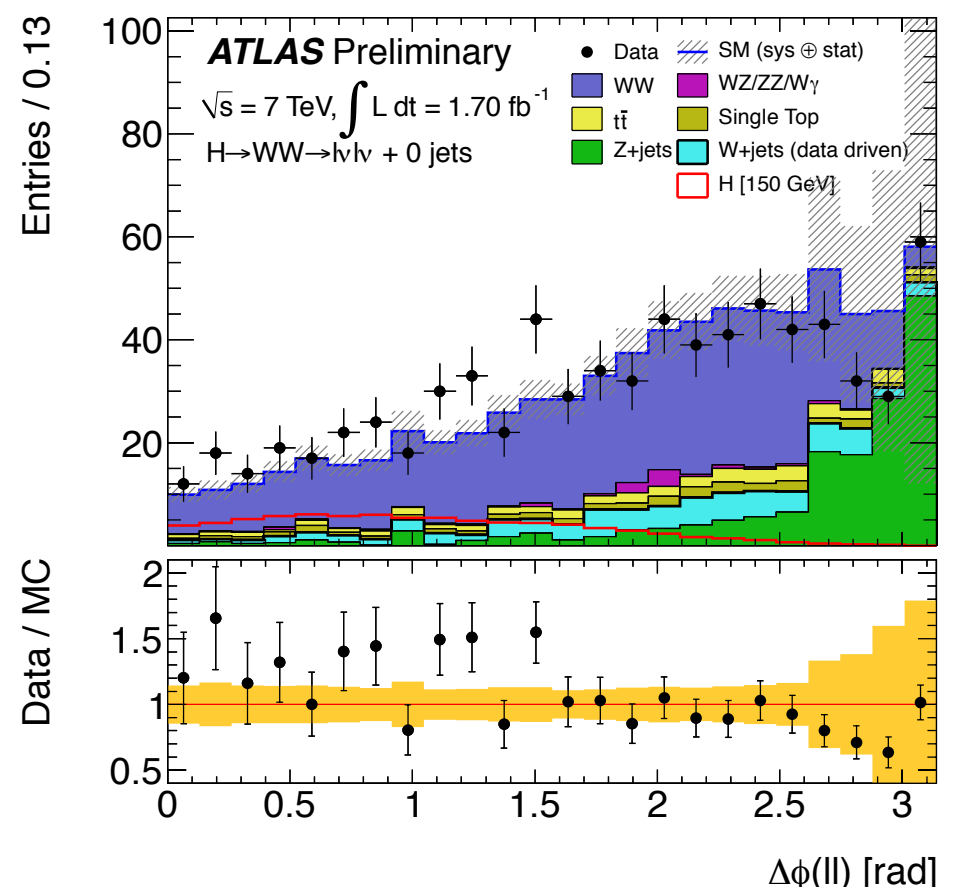
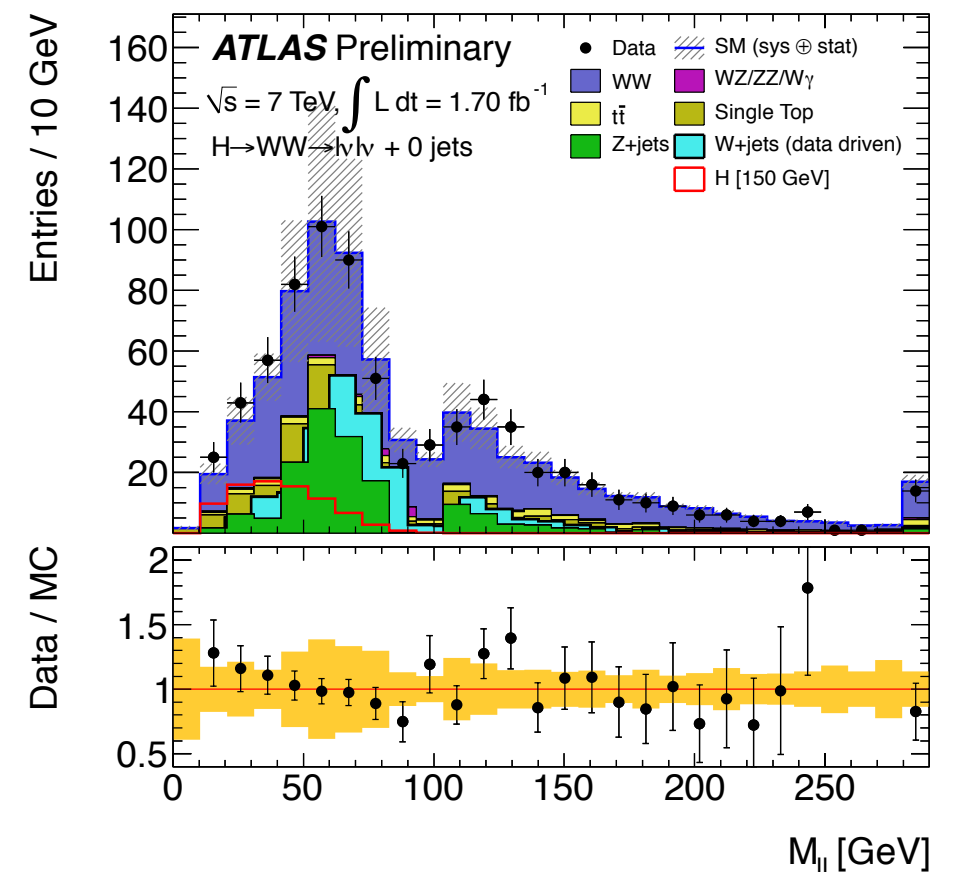
- Opening angle between leptons, $\Delta\phi$

- $\Delta\phi < 1.3$ ($m_H < 170$ GeV)
- $\Delta\phi < 1.8$ ($170 \leq m_H < 220$ GeV)

- Sliding cut on transverse mass, m_T

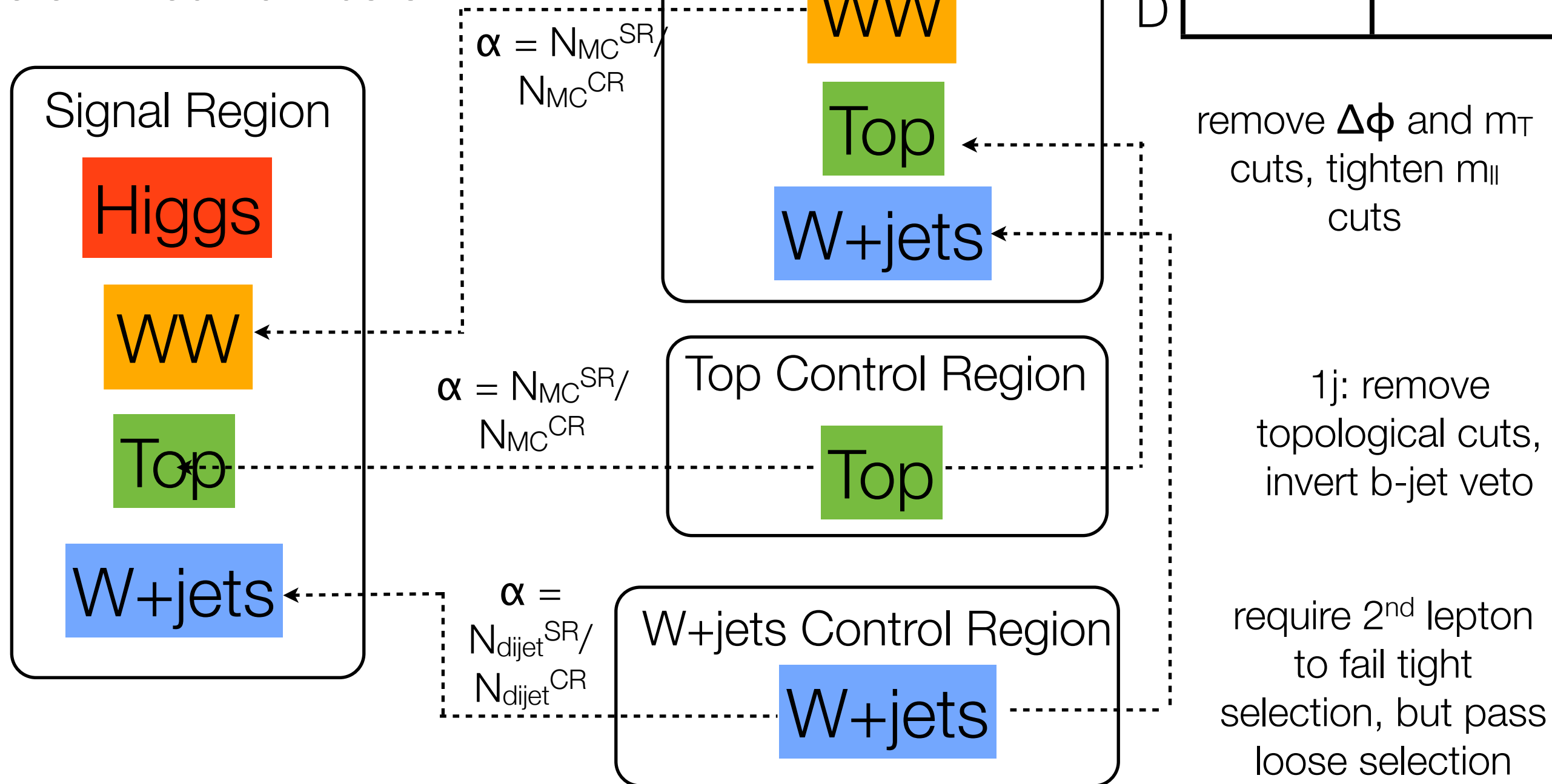
- $0.75 m_H < m_T < m_H$ ($m_H < 220$ GeV)
- $0.6 m_H < m_T < m_H$ ($m_H \geq 220$ GeV)

$$m_T = \sqrt{(E_T^{\ell\ell} + E_T^{\text{miss}})^2 - (\mathbf{p}_T^{\ell\ell} + \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{miss}})^2}$$



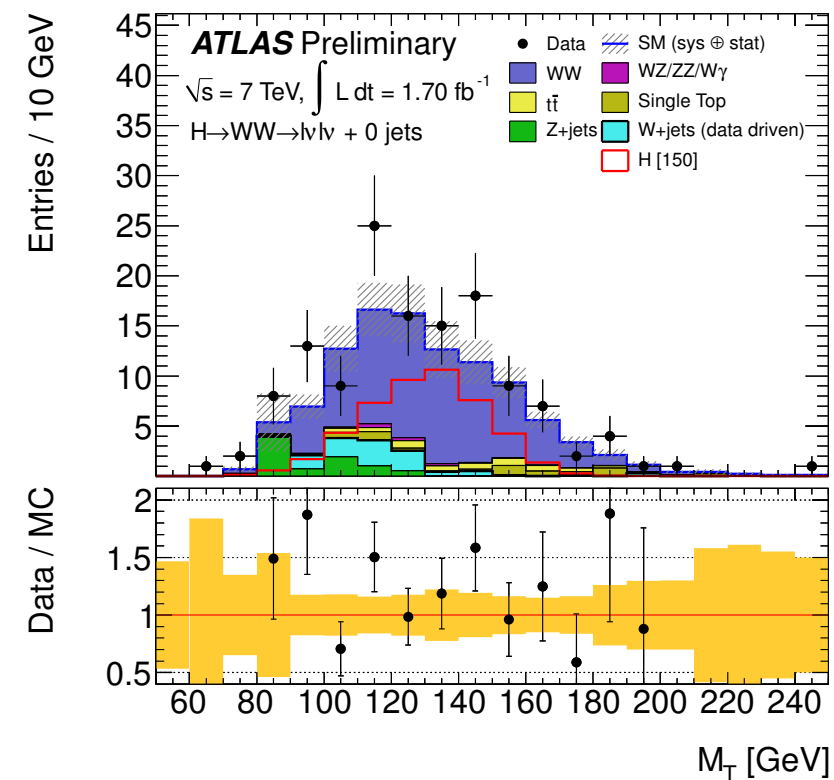
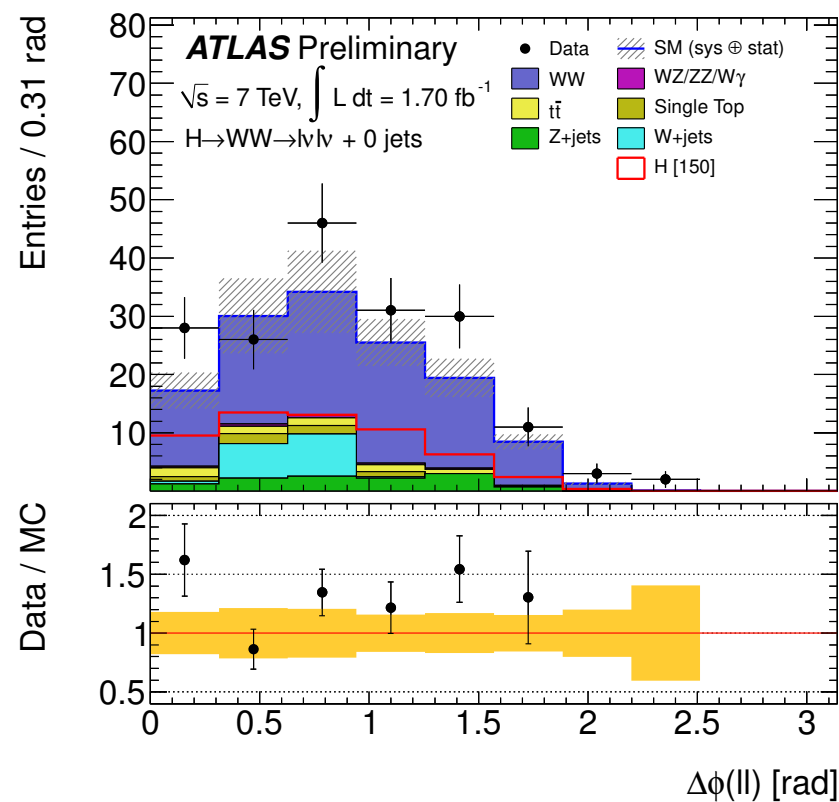
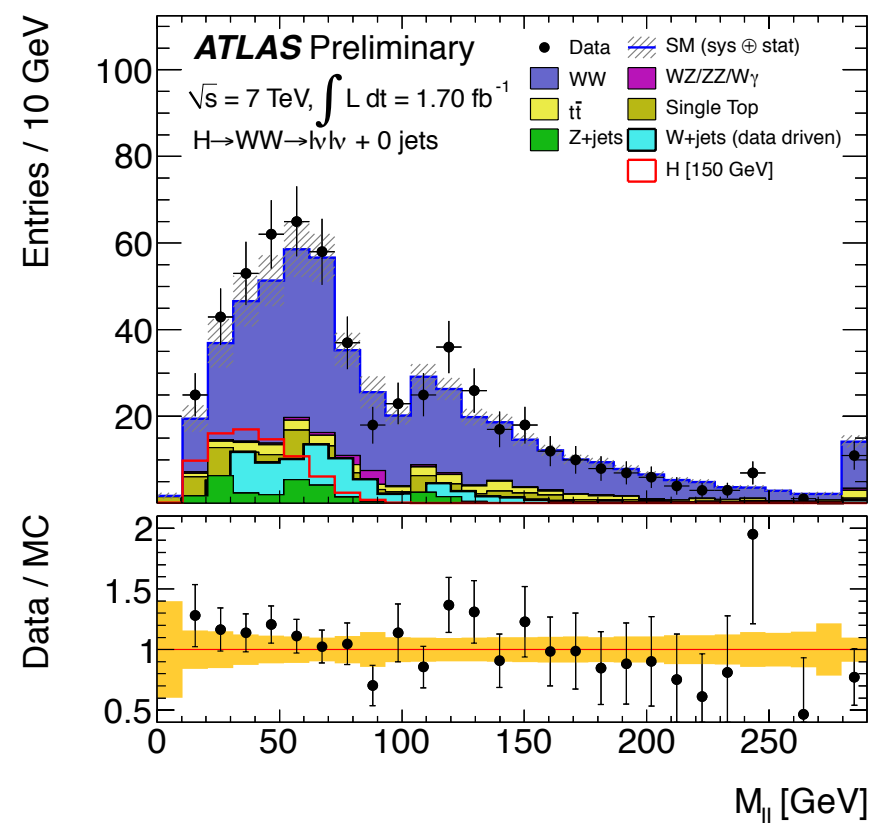
Backgrounds

Backgrounds either partially or fully determined from data



*0j: estimate top background from b-jet survival probability

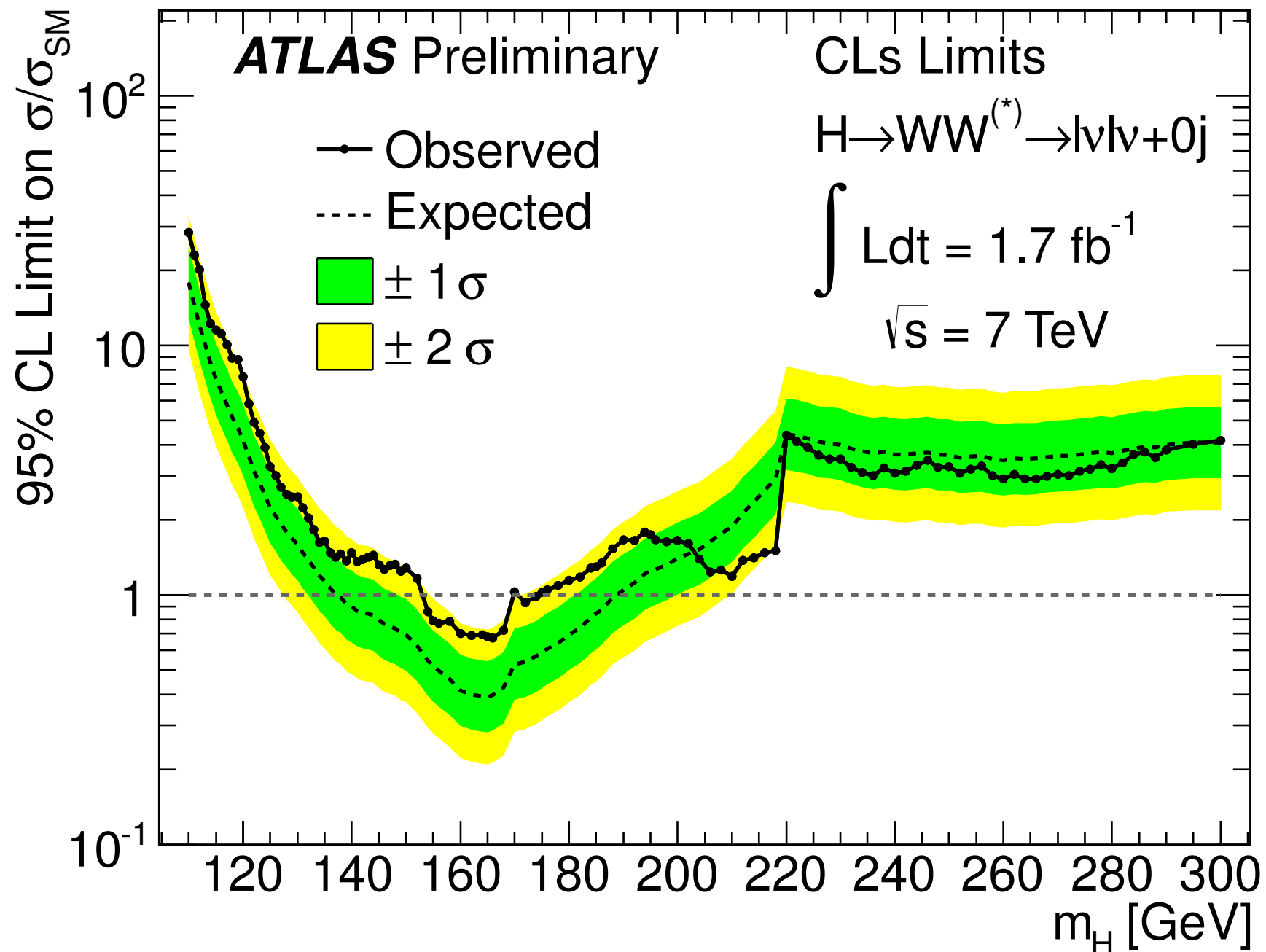
$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu + 0j$



e.g. $m_H = 150 \text{ GeV}$

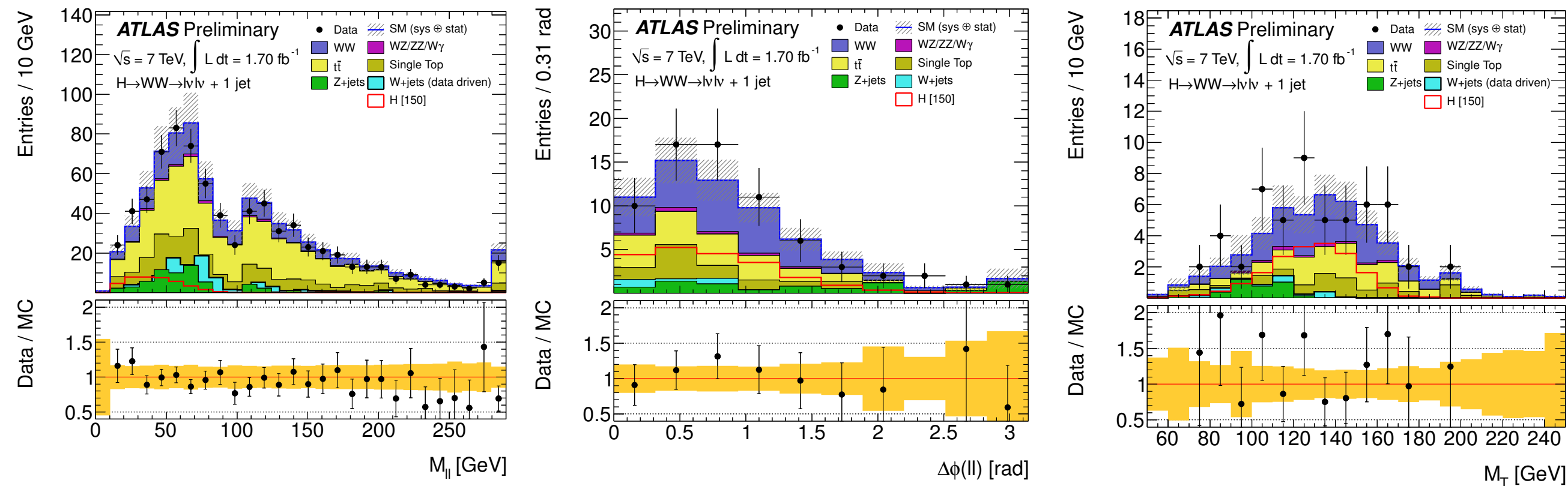
	Signal	WW	W + jets	Z/ γ^* + jets	$t\bar{t}$	$tW/tb/tqb$	WZ/ZZ/W γ	Total Bkg.	Observed
Jet Veto	82 ± 17	430 ± 40	70 ± 40	160 ± 150	37 ± 13	28 ± 7	11 ± 3	740 ± 160	738
$ \mathbf{P}_T^{\ell\ell} > 30 \text{ GeV}$	79 ± 17	390 ± 40	60 ± 30	28 ± 11	35 ± 12	25 ± 7	10 ± 3	540 ± 80	574
$m_{\ell\ell} < 50 \text{ GeV}$	56 ± 12	98 ± 13	17 ± 7	12 ± 7	6 ± 3	4.8 ± 1.5	1.2 ± 0.4	139 ± 20	175
$\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell} < 1.3$	48 ± 11	76 ± 10	9 ± 4	8 ± 6	5 ± 2	4.8 ± 1.5	1.1 ± 0.3	105 ± 16	131
$0.75 m_H < m_T < m_H$	34 ± 7	43 ± 6	5 ± 2	2 ± 4	2.2 ± 1.4	1.2 ± 0.8	0.7 ± 0.3	53 ± 9	70
ee	5.2 ± 1.2	6.2 ± 0.9	0.9 ± 0.4	0.8 ± 1.4	0.3 ± 0.3	0 ± 0.3	0.07 ± 0.05	8.2 ± 1.7	9
$e\mu$	17 ± 4	22 ± 3	2.8 ± 1.3	0 ± 1.3	1.1 ± 0.5	0.8 ± 0.6	0.31 ± 0.19	27 ± 4	32
$\mu\mu$	11 ± 2	14 ± 2	1.0 ± 0.6	1 ± 3	0.8 ± 1.1	0.4 ± 0.4	0.31 ± 0.09	18 ± 5	29

$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu + 0j$ Limits



- Exclude a range of Higgs masses with the 0j channel alone
- Kink due to cut change at $m_H = 220 \text{ GeV}$

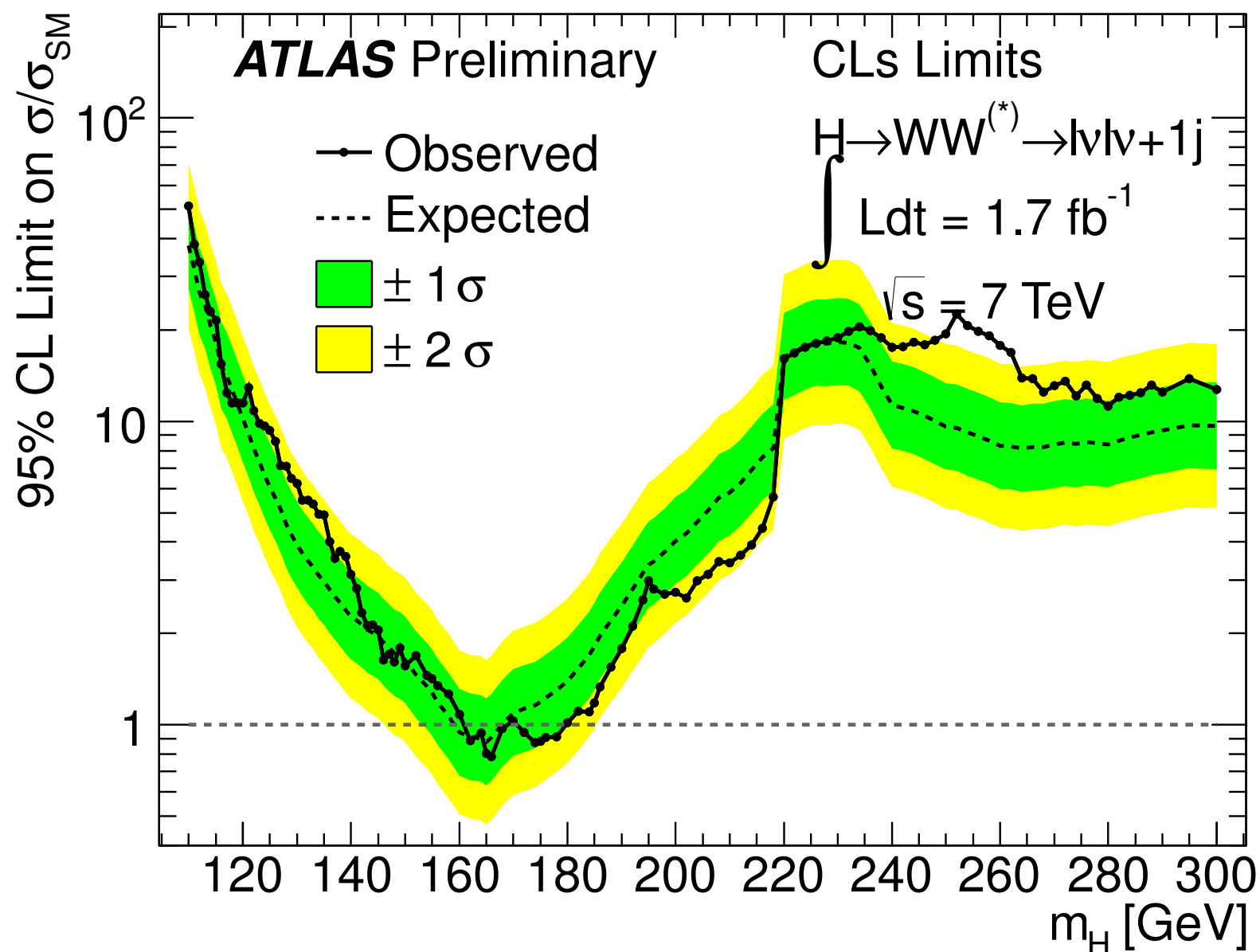
$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu + 1j$



e.g. $m_H = 150$ GeV

	Signal	WW	W + jets	$Z/\gamma^* + \text{jets}$	$t\bar{t}$	$tW/tb/tqb$	WZ/ZZ/W γ	Total Bkg.	Observed
1 jet	41 ± 7	158 ± 16	31 ± 19	60 ± 60	390 ± 100	140 ± 20	10.7 ± 1.4	800 ± 120	756
b -jet veto	40 ± 7	154 ± 16	29 ± 18	60 ± 50	140 ± 40	54 ± 9	10.6 ± 1.4	450 ± 70	440
$P_T^{\text{tot}} < 30$ GeV	32 ± 6	127 ± 13	16 ± 9	30 ± 30	90 ± 20	41 ± 7	7.0 ± 0.9	310 ± 50	312
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ veto	32 ± 6	124 ± 14	14 ± 7	30 ± 20	84 ± 19	39 ± 7	6.8 ± 1.4	300 ± 30	301
$m_{\ell\ell} < 50$ GeV	22 ± 5	27 ± 5	2.1 ± 1.0	8 ± 6	17 ± 6	9 ± 2	1.5 ± 0.4	64 ± 10	69
$\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell} < 1.3$	19 ± 4	21 ± 4	1.8 ± 0.9	4 ± 5	14 ± 5	8 ± 2	1.2 ± 0.3	50 ± 9	54
$0.75 m_H < m_T < m_H$	12 ± 3	10 ± 2	0.8 ± 0.4	1.1 ± 1.8	6.9 ± 1.9	3.4 ± 1.4	0.6 ± 0.3	23 ± 4	23
ee	1.7 ± 0.4	1.4 ± 0.4	0.12 ± 0.06	0.07 ± 0.12	0.6 ± 0.3	0.5 ± 0.3	0.10 ± 0.09	2.8 ± 0.7	5
$e\mu$	6.3 ± 1.5	5.7 ± 1.3	0.5 ± 0.3	0.6 ± 1.0	3.7 ± 1.3	2.0 ± 1.0	0.39 ± 0.20	13 ± 3	11
$\mu\mu$	3.9 ± 0.9	3.3 ± 0.7	0.1 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.5	2.6 ± 1.5	1.0 ± 0.9	0.08 ± 0.06	8 ± 2	7

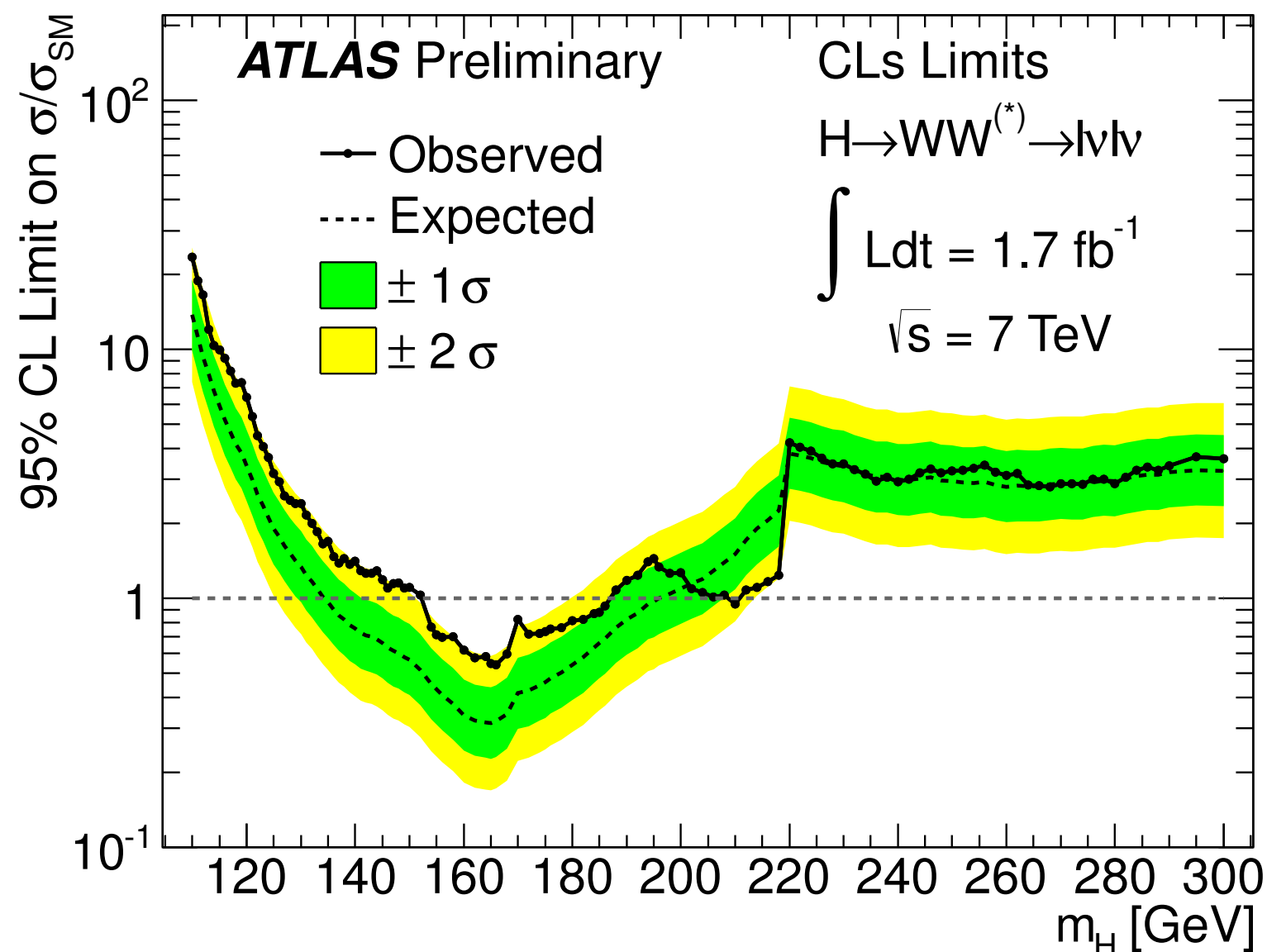
$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu + 1j$ Limit



- Lower sensitivity than 0j but very close the SM cross-section at $m_H = 160 \text{ GeV}$
- Good agreement between the observed and expected limits at low Higgs mass

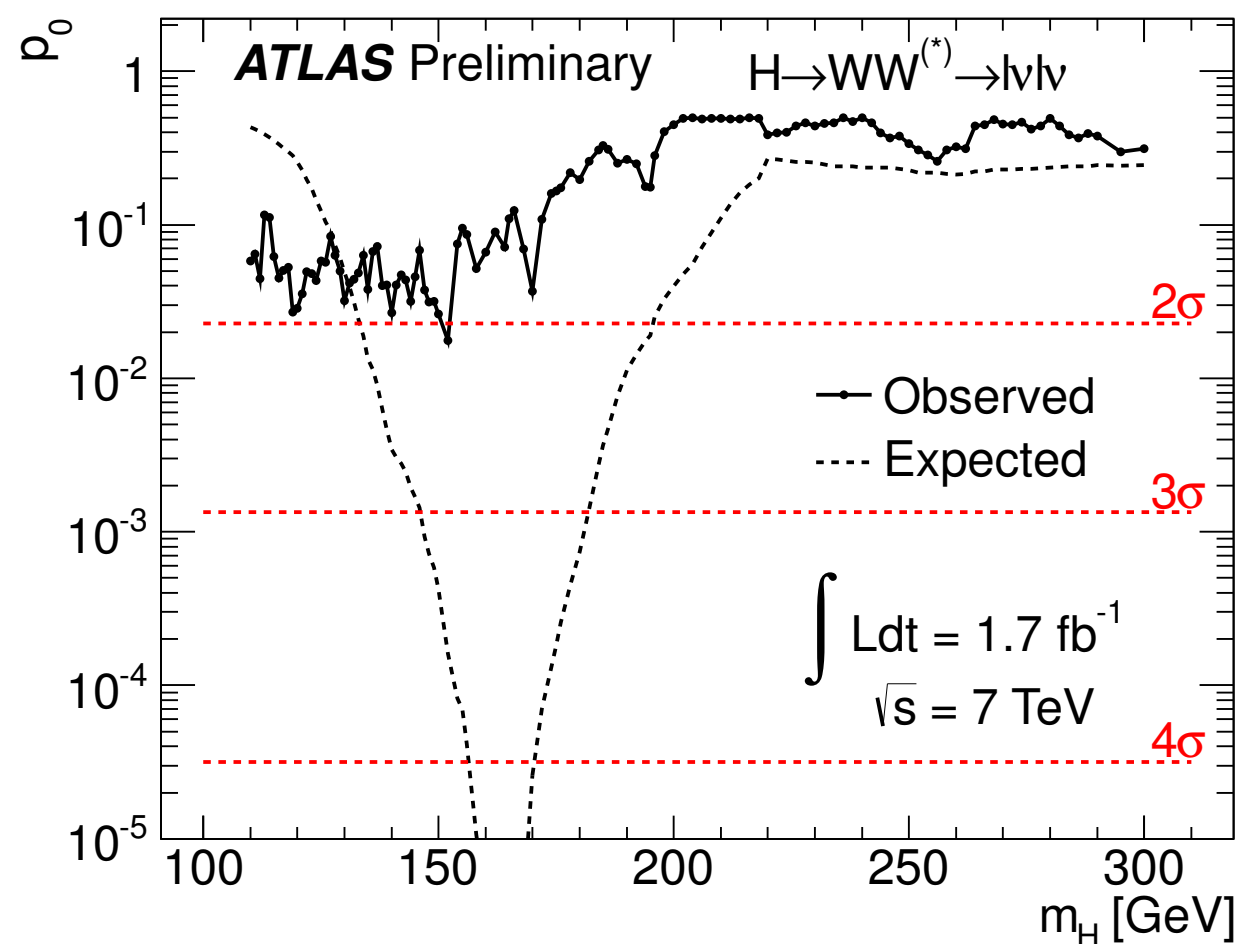
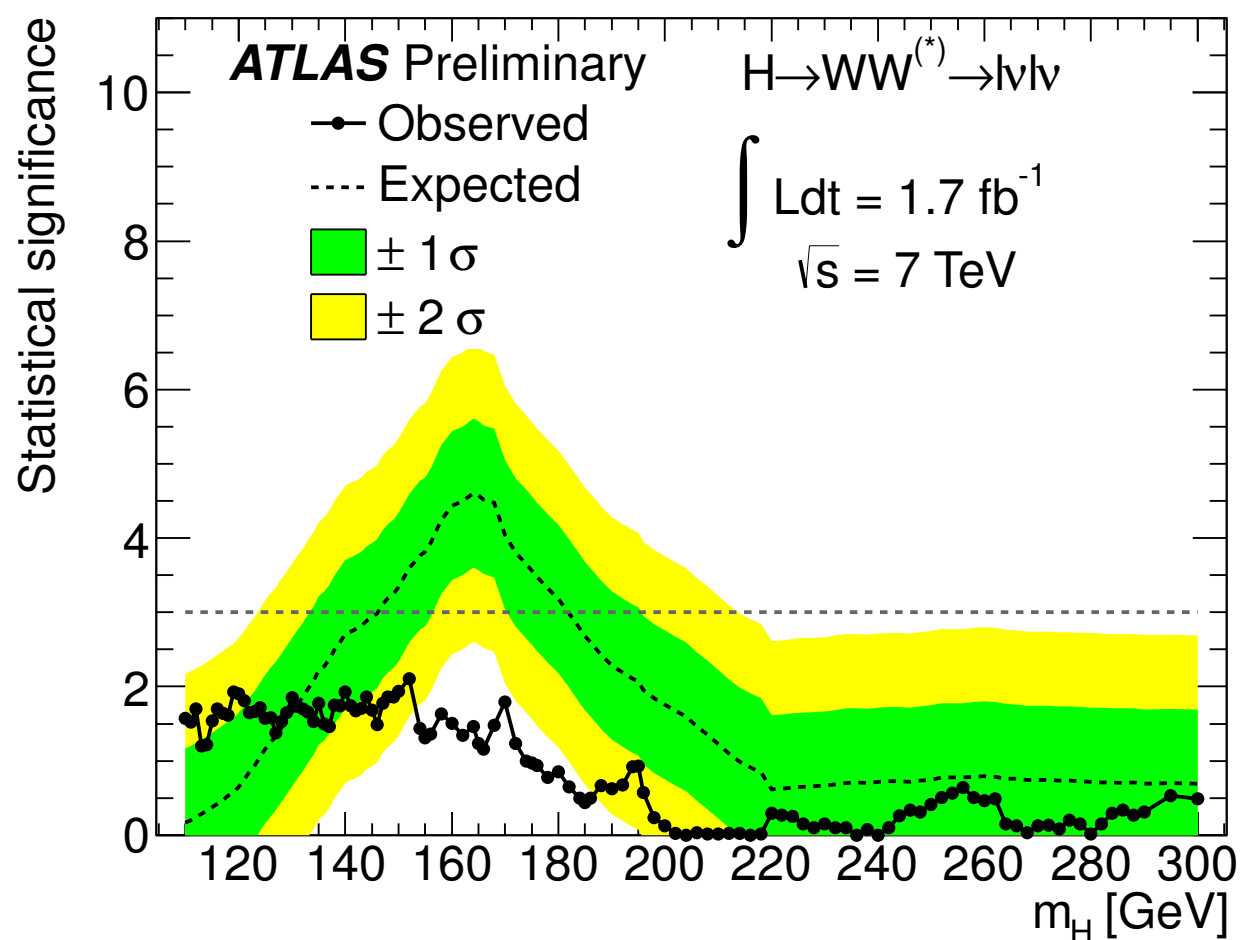
$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ Exclusion Limit

- A SM Higgs boson with **$154 < m_H < 186 \text{ GeV}$** is excluded at 95% CL by combining 0j and 1j
- Expected exclusion range is $135 < m_H < 196 \text{ GeV}$
- Observed limit is within 2σ of the expected limit over the full range



Significance and p-values

- Compare expected significance as a function of Higgs boson mass to measured significance
- $\sim 2\sigma$ excess for $m_H < 150$ GeV, smaller than that observed with 1 fb^{-1}
- p-value is consistent with background only hypothesis within 2σ



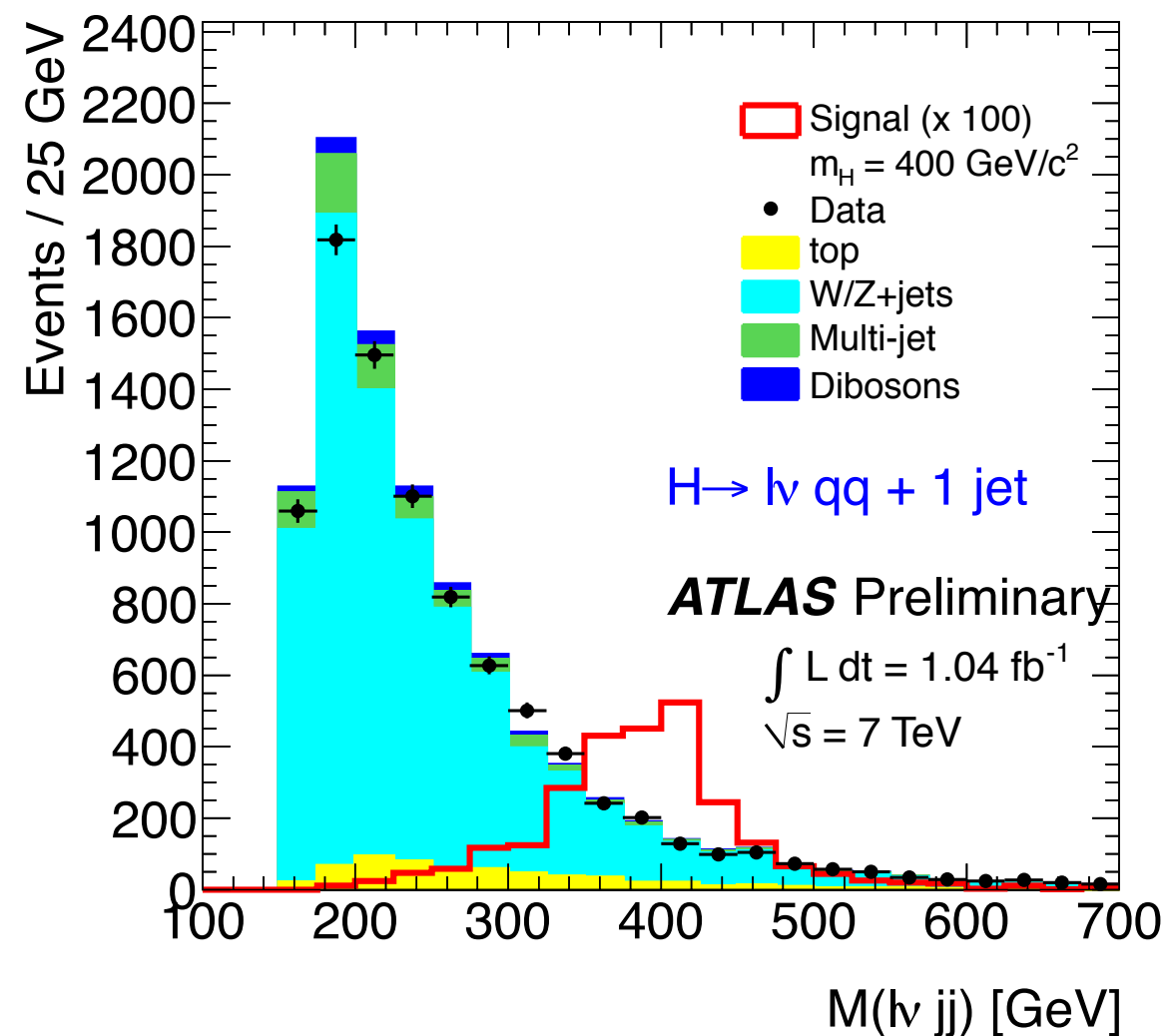
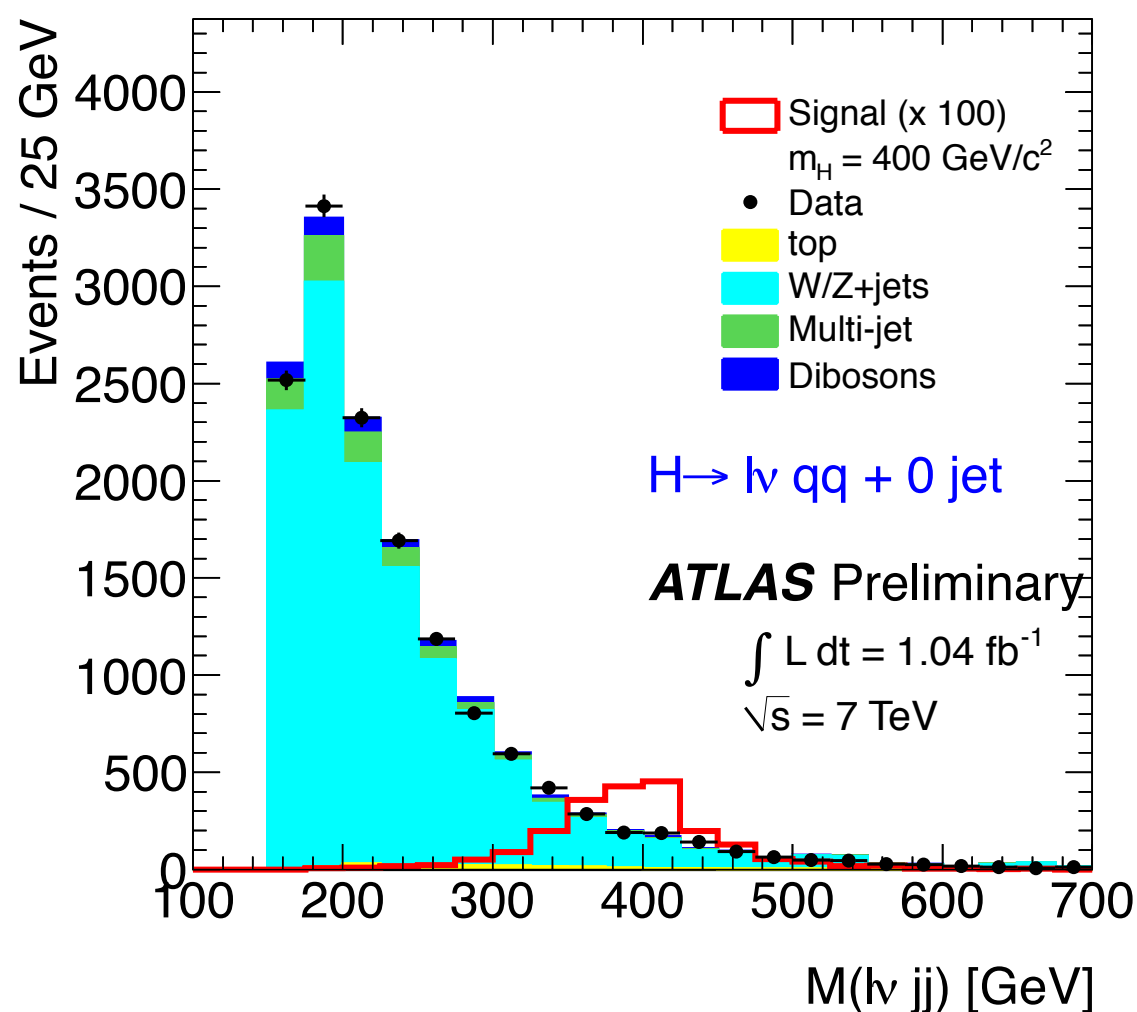
The $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu qq$ Analysis

The $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu qq$ Analysis

- At larger Higgs mass, it becomes possible to separate the $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu qq$ decay from the large backgrounds
- Analysis performed for **$240 \text{ GeV} < m_H < 600 \text{ GeV}$**
 - Greatest sensitivity for $m_H = 500 \text{ GeV}$
- Select events containing **one lepton, large E_T^{miss} and jets**
 - Exactly **one lepton** (e, μ) with **$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$**
 - **$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$**
 - Either **2 or 3 jets** with **$p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$** within $|\eta| < 2.4$
 - Two jets with $71 < M_{jj} < 91 \text{ GeV}$
 - **Veto** events if any jet is **b-tagged**
- Reconstruct Higgs mass ($M_{l\nu qq}$) by imposing **$M_{l\nu} = M_W$ and $M_{qq} = M_W$**
 - Search for bump in the $M_{l\nu qq}$ distribution above the strongly falling background

Selection and Mass Distributions

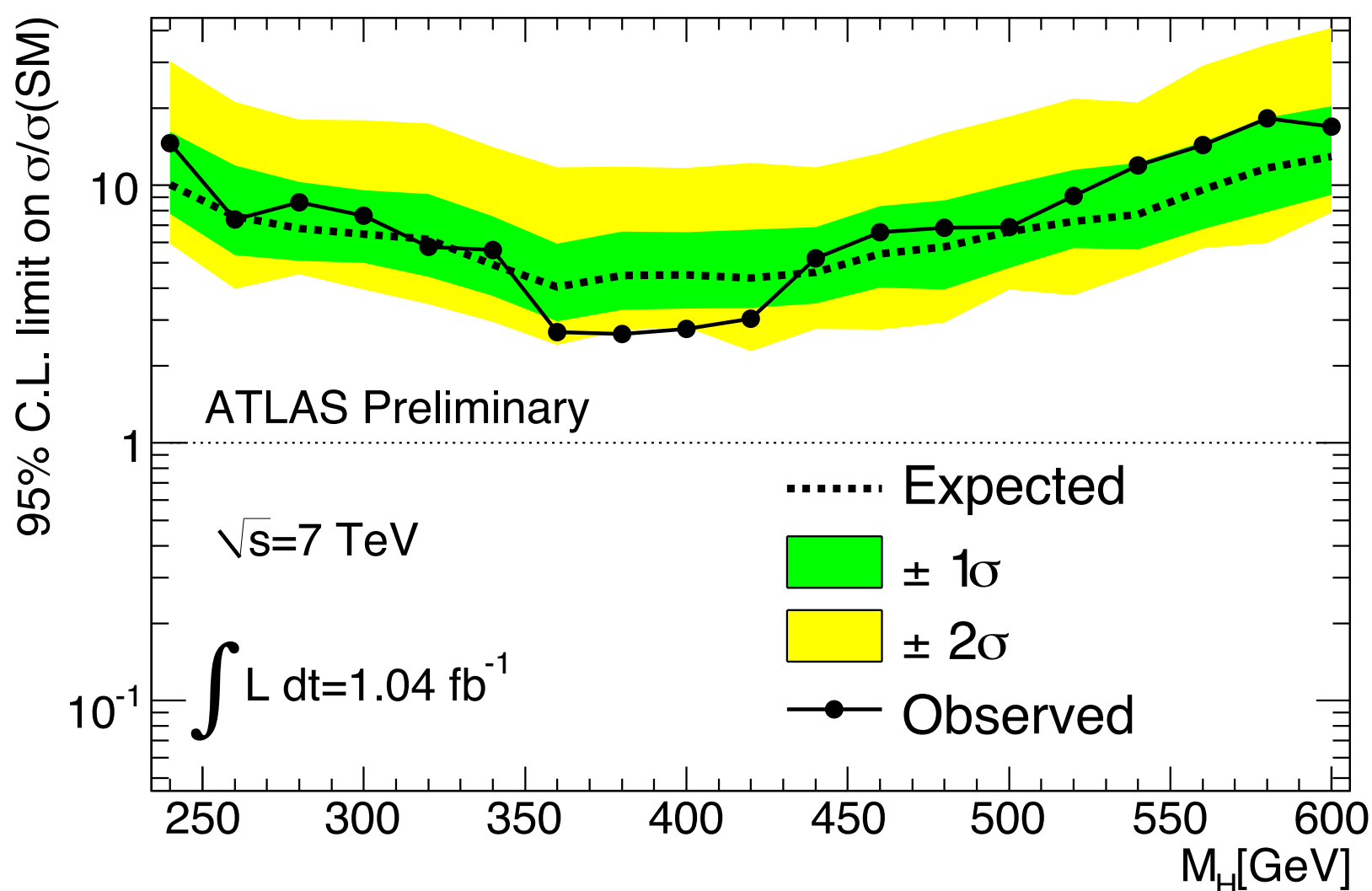
	$H(evqq) + 0j$	$H(\mu\nu qq) + 0j$	$H(evqq) + 1j$	$H(\mu\nu qq) + 1j$	$H + 0j \text{ or } 1j$
W/Z+jets	10780 ± 290	13380 ± 870	6510 ± 250	7410 ± 670	38080 ± 1170
Multi-jet	890 ± 24	256 ± 17	669 ± 25	212 ± 19	2027 ± 43
Top	170 ± 34	164 ± 33	489 ± 98	500 ± 100	1330 ± 270
Dibosons	397 ± 79	414 ± 83	161 ± 32	204 ± 41	1180 ± 240
Total Background	12240 ± 300	14210 ± 870	7830 ± 270	8330 ± 680	42600 ± 1200
Observed	11988	13906	7543	8250	41687
Signal (400 GeV)	14 ± 3.6	12 ± 3.1	18 ± 4.7	14 ± 3.6	58 ± 15



Dominant backgrounds are W/Z+jets

The $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu qq$ Exclusion Limit

- Signal extracted using a maximum likelihood fit to the background modelled by the sum of two exponentials
- For $350 < m_H < 420$ GeV, the 95% CL is $\sim 2.7 \times$ SM cross-section
- Expected limit in this range is $\sim 4 \times$ SM cross-section



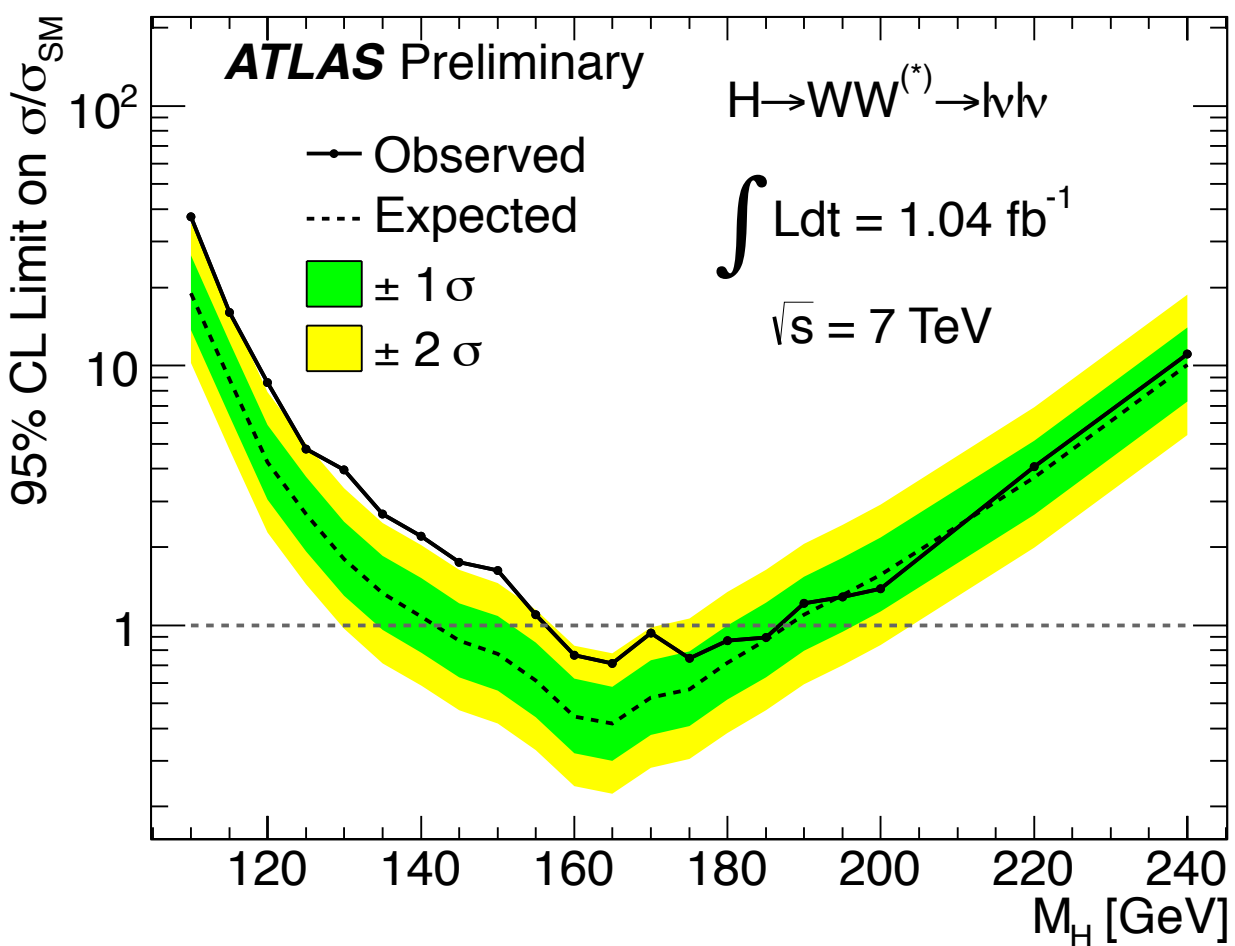
Conclusions

- Presented latest results from ATLAS in the $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ and $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu qq$ channels
 - **No evidence** (yet) for the Higgs boson
 - **$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ analysis excludes the SM Higgs for $154 < m_H < 186$ GeV at 95% CL**
 - cf. expected exclusion range: $135 < m_H < 196$ GeV
 - **$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu qq$ channel obtains a limit of $\sim 2.7\sigma_{\text{SM}}$**
- A small deviation of $\sim 2\sigma$ between the expected and observed limits is observed in the range $110 < m_H < 150$ GeV in the $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ analysis
 - Neighbouring mass points are highly correlated due to the mass resolution
- Stay tuned as we close in on the SM Higgs boson!

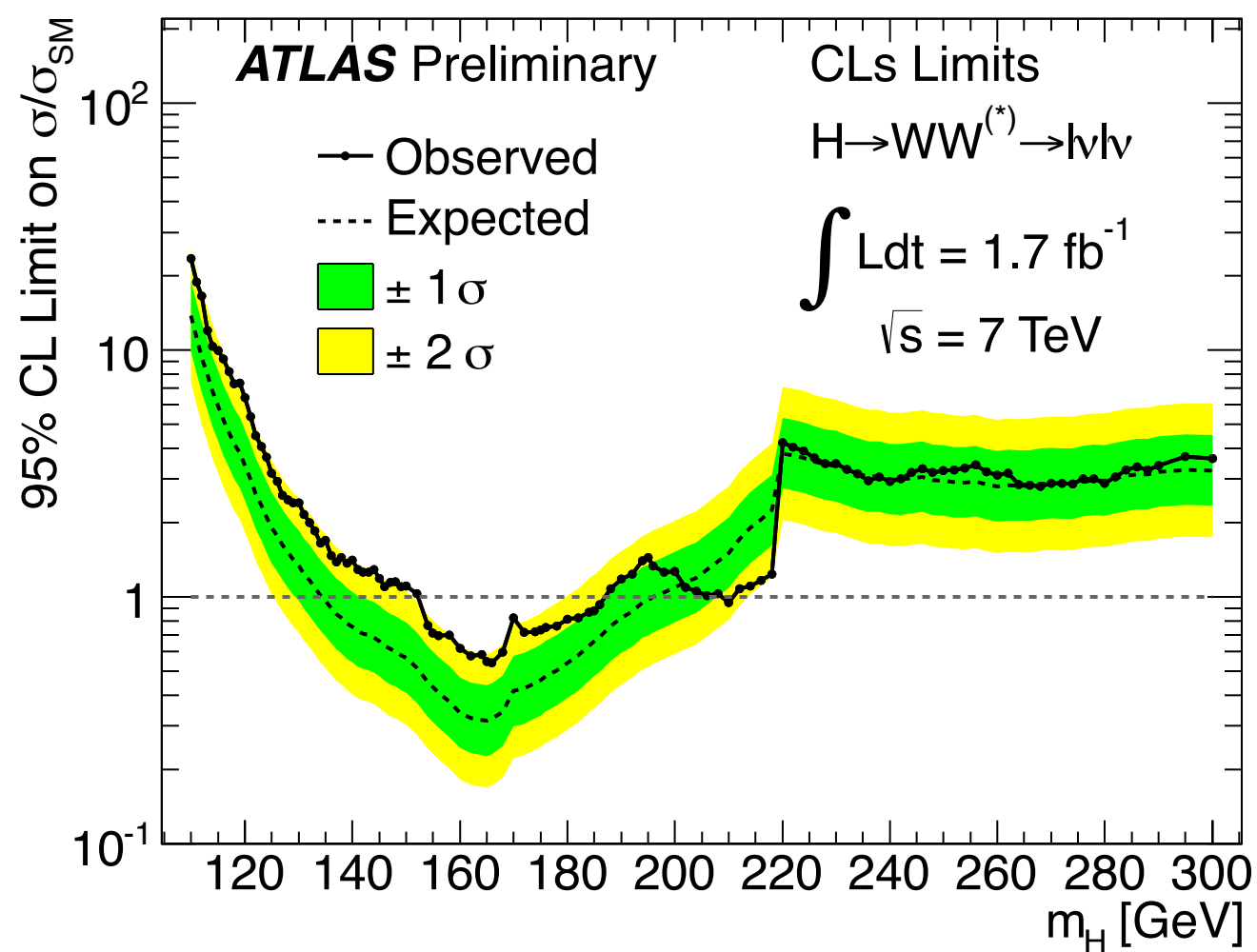
Back up

$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ in 2011

EPS



Lepton-Photon



Systematic Uncertainties

Source of Uncertainty	Treatment in the analysis
Jet Energy Resolution (JER)	$\sim 14\%$, see Ref. [69]
Jet Energy Scale (JES)	Takes into account close-by jets effect, jet flavor composition uncertainty and event pile-up uncertainty in addition to global JES uncertainty Global JES $< 10\%$ for $p_T > 15$ GeV and $ \eta < 4.5$, see Ref. [70] Pile-up uncertainty 2-5% for $ \eta < 2.1$ and 3-7% for $2.1 < \eta < 4.5$ These are summed in quadrature before application.
Electron Selection Efficiency	Separate systematics for electron identification, reconstruction and isolation, added in quadrature Total uncertainty of 2-5% depending on η and E_T
Electron Energy Scale	Uncertainty smaller than 1%, depending on η and E_T
Electron Energy Resolution	Energy varied within its uncertainty, 0.6% of the energy at most
Muon Selection Efficiency	0.3-1% as a function of η and p_T
Muon Momentum Scale	η dependent scale offset in p_T , up to $\sim 0.13\%$
Muon Momentum Resolution	p_T and η dependent resolution smearing functions, $\leq 5\%$
b-tagging Efficiency	p_T dependent scale factor uncertainties, 5.6-15%, see Ref. [71]
b-tagging Mis-tag Rate	up to 21% as a function of p_T , see Ref. [71]
Missing Transverse Energy	13.2% uncertainty on topological cluster energy Electron and muon p_T changes from smearing propagated to MET Effect of out-of-time pileup: MET smeared by 5 GeV in 1/3 of MC events
Luminosity	3.7% [25]

$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ Rejection

- Reconstruction $m_{\tau\tau}$ by assuming
 - leptons arise from $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ decays
 - neutrinos are collinear with the leptons
- Reject the event when
 - the energy fractions of the visible decay products are positive
 - i.e. $x_{\tau 1} > 0$ and $x_{\tau 2} > 0$
 - and the invariant mass is consistent with the Z
 - i.e. $|m_{\tau\tau} - M_Z| < 25 \text{ GeV}$
- Only applied in $H + 1j$, because in $H+0j$ the leptons are more often back-to-back